

**JAMHUURIYADDA
SOMALILAND**



**REPUBLIC OF
SOMALILAND**

**XAFIISKA GARYAQAANKA GUUD EE QARANKA
SOLICITOR GENERAL OFFICE**

FAAFINTA RASMIGA AH OFFICIAL GAZETTE

النشرة الرسمية لجمهورية صوماليلاند

Sannadka 10aad

Cadad Gaar ah

03/07/2021

**XEERKA MAAL-GASHIGA SOMALILAND
XEER LR.99/2021**

**Email: garyaqaankaguud@gmail.com
Web: www.garyaqaankaguud.com**

*Lama iibin karo
Not for sale*

Sannadka 2021



Xafiiska Madaxweynaha

Sum: JSL/XM/WM/222-687/062021

Taar: 12/06/2021

Wareegto Madaxweyne

Dhaqan-galka Xeerka Maal-gashiga **Xeer Lr. 99/2021**

Markaan Arkay: Qodobka 90aad ee Dastuurka
Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland;

Markaan Arkay: Qodobada 75aad ee Datuurka
Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland;

Markaan Arkay: Go'aanka Golaha Wakiillada Go'aan
Lr.GW/KF-45/887/2021, ee ku
taariikheysan 23/05/2021, ee ay ku
ansixiyeen Xeerka Maal-gashiga,
Xeer Lr. 99/2021;

Waxaan soo-saaray;

Dhaqan-galka Xeerka Maal-gashiga Jamhuuriyadda
Somaliland, Xeer Lr. 99/2021.

Allaa Mahad Leh

Muuse Biixi Cabdi
Madaxweynaha Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland

The Republic of Somaliland
House of Representatives
Head Quarter Hargeisa.



Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland
Golaha wakiilada
Xarunta Hargeisa

Ref: GW/KF-45/887/2021

Date: 20/05/2021

Ku: Madaxweynaha JSL

= Madaxtooyada=

Ujeedo: Go'aanka Ansixinta Xeerka Maalgashiga XEER LR: 99/2021

GOLAHA WAKIILLADU

Markuu Arkay: Qodobka 11^{aad}, 75^{aad}, 76^{aad} iyo 77^{aad} ee Dastuurka Qaranka JSL.

Markuu Arkay: Baahida loo qabo Xeerka Maalgashiga oo qayb ka noqonaya koboca dhaqaalaha iyo horumarka Dalka JSL,

Markuu Aqoonsaday:- In hirgelinta Xeerka Maalgashigu aas-aas u noqonayo Maalgashiga iyo hab-raacyada loo marayo si waafaqsan xeerkan.

Markay U Caddaatay In Horumarinta Maalgashigu ay u baahan tahay in la helo xeer loo raaco noocyada kala duwan ee Maalgashiga Maxalliga ah iyo dhammaan hawlaha la xidhiidha.

Markuu Arkay: Soo jeedinta Xukuumadda ee Qabyo-qoraalka Xeerka Maalgashiga oo ay Golaha u soo gudbisay, iska markaana dhagaystay Warbixinta Gudidda u qaabilsan Golaha Arrimaha Dhaqaalaha, ka dibna, Mudanayasha Goluhu ay ka doodeen.

Markuu Arkay Qodobka 78 (1^{aad}) ee Dastuurka JSL oo tilmaamay dabciga Xeeraarka Maaliyadeeda isla markaan u dhigan, *Mashruuc-sharci kasta aan ahayn kuwa maaliyadda oo Golaha Wakiiladu aqlabiyad ku oggolaado waa in loo gudbiyo Golaha Guurtida.*

Markuu Arkay Qaraarka Maxkamadda Sare JSL ee Sumaddiisu tahay MS/DD/01/2019 ee 10/12/2019 ujeeddadiisuna ahayda Qaraar Fasiraad Qodobbo Dastuuri ah.

Website: www.somalilandparliament.net

Markuu u Codeeyay:

Ansixinta Xeerka Maalgashiga Xeer LR.99/2021 Kal-fadhiga 45^{aad} ee Fadhigiisi 22^{aad} taariikhda ahayd 11/04/2021 oo ay goob joog ahaayeen (42) Mudane oo ka mida mudanayaasha Golaha Wakiilada .

WUXUU

Cod aqlabiyad ah **40 cod** oo gacan taag ah ku Ansixiyay **Xeerka Maalgashiga Xeer (LR.99/2021)** halka cidina aanay diidin, **Hal (1)** mudane-na ka aamusay **Gudoomiyuhuna muu codayn** sida caadada ah.

ALLAA MAHAD LEH

C/risaaq Siciid Ayaanle
Xoghayaha Guud ee Golaha Wakiilada

Baashe Maxamed Faarax
Guddoomiyaha Golaha Wakiilada





GOLAHA WAKIILLADU

Markuu Arkay: Qodobada 11^{aad}, 75^{aad} 76^{aad}, 77^{aad} ee Dastuurka Qaranka JSL.

Markuu Arkay: Baahida wayn ee loo qabo Xeerka Maalgashiga oo qayb ka noqonaya koboca dhaqaalaha iyo horumarka Dalka JSL.

Markuu Aqoonsaday: In hirgelinta Xeerka Maalgashigu aas-aas u noqonayo Maalgashiga iyo hab-raacyada loo marayo si waafaqsan xeerkan.

Markay caddaatey u In Horumarinta Maalgashigu ay u baahan tahay in la helo xeer loo raaco noocyada kala duwan ee Maalgashiga Maxaliga ah iyo dhammaan hawlaha la xidhiidha.

Markuu Arkay: Soo jeedinta Xukuumada ee Qabyo-qoraalka Xeerka Maalgashiga oo ay Golaha u soo gudbisay, iska markaana dhagaystay Warbixinta Guddida u qaabilsan Golaha Arrimaha Dhaqaalaha, ka dibna, Mudanayaasha Goluhu ay doodeen.

WUXUU ANSIXIYAY
Xeerka Maalgashiga Somaliland
Xeer Lr. 99/2021



QAYBTA 1AAD
QODOBBO GUUD:
Qodobka 1aad:
Magaca Xeerka

Xeerkan waxa loogu
yeedhayaa “Xeerka
Maalgashiga
Jamhuuriyadda
Somaliland ee Xeer
Lr.99/2021.

Qodobka 2aad:
Erey-bixin

Ereyadan soo socda ee
Xeerka ku jira, haddii si
ka duwan aanu qodobku
u qeexin, waxa ay la
micno noqonayaan sidan:

- 1) **Xeer:** waxa loola
jeedaa Xeerka
Maalgashiga
Somaliland ee Xeer Lr.
99/2021.
- 2) **Maalgashi:** waxa loola
jeedaa in hanti, mid la
taabankaro iyo mid
aan la taabankarinba,
loo adeegsado ujeeddo
macaash-samayn ah
isla markaana uu
maalgashade ku
maalgashado dhulka
Jamhuuriyadda
Somaliland si
waafaqsan Xeerkan

PART ONE
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1:
Short Title

This Law shall be cited as
the “Investment Act of the
Republic of Somaliland. No:
99/2021.

Article 2:
Interpretations

The following terms in this
Law, unless otherwise
specified in the context,
shall mean:

- 1) **Law:** refers to
Somaliland Investment
Act No: 99/2021.
- 2) **Investment:** refers to
the use of every kind of
asset, tangible or
intangible, for profit-
making purpose,
established by an
investor in the territory
of the Republic of
Somaliland in
accordance with this
Somaliland Investment
Law.
- 3) **Investor:** refers to any



Maalgashiga ee Somaliland. 3) Maalgashade: waxa loola jeedaa qof dabiici ah iyo hay'ad leh shakhsiyad qaanuuni ah oo codsigooda maalgashi ee Somaliland la aqbalay, ha ahaado maalgashe waddani ah ama mid shisheeye ah. 4) Maalgashi Shisheeye: waxa loola jeedaa maalgashi kasta oo uu sameeyo maalgashade shisheeye oo hantidiisa ku maalgashaday Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland si waafaqsan Xeerkan. 5) Maalgashi Waddani ah: waxa loola jeedaa maalgashi kasta oo uu sameeyay muwaadin reer Somaliland ah oo hantidiisa ku maalgashaday Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland si waafaqsan Xeerkan. 6) Maalgashade Shisheeye: waxa loola jeedaa –	natural or juridical person whose application for investment in Somaliland has been accepted, whether a domestic or foreign investor. 4) Foreign Investment: refers to any investment made by a foreign person with the funds invested in the Republic of Somaliland in accordance with this Law. 5) Domestic Investment: refers to any investment made by a Somaliland citizen whose property has been invested in the Republic of Somaliland in accordance with this Law. 6) Foreign Investor: means— a) a natural person, who is not a citizen of the Republic of
---	--

a) Qof dabiici ah, oo aan ahayn muwaadin reer Somaliland ah; ama b) Shirkad lagu aasaasay xeer dal kale oo aan ahayn Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland; ama c) Shirkad lagu aasaasay xeerarka Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland balse saamiyadeeda inta badan uu leeyahay qof aan ahayn reer Somaliland. 7) Maalgashi Toos ah: waxa loola jeedaa maalgashi, ha ahaado mid kali lagu yahay ama lagu wada jiro'e, cusub, hadda taagan ama socday, kaasoo u suurogaliya maalgashade ama koox maalgashadeyaal ah in ay sameeyaan, helaan ama ay dan joogto ah ku yeeshaan ganacsi. 8) Raasamaal waxa loola jeedaa lacagta dalka ama lacag ajaanib ah, qalab, dhisme, raasamaal shaqo, Xuquuqda hantida,	Somaliland; or b) a company incorporated under the laws of any country other than that of the Republic of Somaliland; or c) a company incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Somaliland in which the majority of the shares are held by a person who is not a citizen of Somaliland. 7) Direct Investment: means an investment, whether single or combined, new, current or successive, which enables an investor or group of investors to establish, acquire or have a lasting interest in a business. 8) “Capital” means local or foreign currency, equipment, building, working capital, property right, intellectual property right, or other tangible or intangible business assets; 9) Investment incentive; is a
--	--

Xuquuqda Hal-abuurka ama hanta kasta oo la taaban karo ama aan la taaban karin oo ganacsi.

9. Dhiirigelin maalgashi; Dhiirigelin maalgashi;

waxa loola jeedaa siyaasad dhiirigalin oo ay dawladdu hirgalisay oo loogu talagalay in lagu dhiiri geliyo maalgashadayaasha suuqyada dalka ama in la dhiirrigeliyo ballaarinta ganacsiyada jira.

9) .

10) **Codsade:** waxa loola jeedaa cidda doonaysa in ay Dalka maalgashato.

11) **Maalgelin Shuraako ah:** waxa loola jeedaa maalgashiga ay si wada jir ah u wada sameeyaan muwaadin reer Somaliland ah iyo qof ajnabi ahi.

12) **Wasaarad:** waxa loola jeedaa Wasaaradda Horumarinta Maalgashiga ee Somaliland.

13) **Wasiir:** waxa loola jeedaa Wasiirka Wasaaradda Horumarinta Maalgashiga

government- implemented **incentive** policy implemented by the government aimed to

encourage **investors** into its domestic market or to promote expansion of existing businesses.

10) **Applicant:** refers to the prospective investor who intends to invest in the Country.

11) **Joint Venture Investment:** refers to any investment jointly made by Somaliland citizen and foreign investor.

12) **Ministry:** refers to the Somaliland Ministry of Investment Promotion.

13) **Minister:** refers to the Minister for Investment Promotion of Somaliland.

14) **Country:** refers to the Republic of Somaliland.

15) **Government:** refers to the Government of Somaliland.

16) **One stop shop:** refers to a location or office that serves investors and provides all services they need.

17) **Environmental Impact**



Somaliland.

- 14) **Dal:** Waxa loola jeedaa dalka Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland.
- 15) **Xukuumad:** Waxa loola jeedaa Xukuumadda Somaliland.
- 16) **Goob-Adeegood:** waxa loola jeedaa goob ama xafiis ay maalgashadayaashu macluumaadka iyo adeegyada ay u baahanyihiin ka helayaan.
- 17) **Warbixinta Qiimeynta Saamaynta Deegaanka:** waxa loola jeedaa warbixinta muujinaysa saamayn kasta oo mashruuc maalgashi uu u gaysan karo deegaanka.
- 18) **Shahaadada Maalgashiga:** waxa loola jeedaa Shahaadada ay bixiso Wasaaraddu ee lagu aqoonsanayo maalgashade si Xeerkan waafaqsan.
- 19) **Hanti Muuqata:** waxa loola jeedaa hantida maalgashi ee la galiyo mashruuca la maalgelinayo, oo ay ku jiraan lacagta iyo

Assessment Report:

refers to a report that indicates any impact caused to the environment by an investment project.

18) Investment

Certificate: means a license issued by the Ministry officially recognizing the investor in accordance with this law.

19) Tangible Assets:

refers to investment assets investing in the investment project, including cash and non-cash assets.

hantida kale ee aan
lacag ahayni.

Qodobka 3aad:
Ujeeddooyinka Xeerka

1. Ujeeddooyinka
xeerka waxa ka mid ah:
 - a. In la maamulo, kor
loo qaado la
fududeeyo lana
dhiirigaliyo
maalgashiga
Jamhuuriyada
Somaliland,
 - b. In uu ka qayb
qaato koboca
dhaqaale ee dalka;
 - c. In uu abuuro
habraac lagu
cidhibtiro faqriga,
laguna yareeyo shaqo
la'aanta Dalka ka
jirta; iyo
 - d. In uu bixiyo habab
lagu xalliyo
khilaafaadka ku lugta
leh arrimaha
maalgashiga.

Article 3:
Objectives of the Law

1. The objectives of the
act are
 - a. To manage, promote,
facilitate and encourage
the investment of
Republic of Somlailnd
 - b. To contribute to the
economic growth of the
Country;
 - c. To eliminate poverty
and reduce
unemployment in the
Country; an
 - d. To provide for dispute
settlement mechanisms
involving the
investment matters.

Qodobka 4aad: Xadka Adeegisga Xeerka 1) Qodobada Xeerkan waxa lagu dabbaqayaa: - a) Maalgashiyada tooska ah ee ay sameeyaan shaqsiyaad caadi ah ama shirkado leh jiritaan qaanuuni ah oo waddani ah ama shisheeye ah oo maalgashanaya kana ganacsanaya Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland. b) Maamulidda, horumarinta iyo fududaynta maalgashiyadan soo socda: - i. Maalgashiga uu dhammaantii leeyahay maalgashade shisheeye ahi; ii. Maalgashiga ay wada sameeyaan maalgashade waddani ah iyo mid shisheeye ahi; iyo iii. Maalgashiga uu sameeyo	Article 4: Scope of Application 1) The provisions of this Law shall be applicable to: - a) Direct investments made by a domestic or a foreign natural persons or legal entities, investing and doing business in the Republic of Somaliland. b) The administration, promotion and facilitation of the following investments: - i. wholly foreign owned investment; ii. joint investment made by domestic and foreign investors; and iii. Investment made by a domestic investor in the Republic of Somaliland.
--	---



maalgashe
muwaadin reer
Somaliland ahi.

**QAYBTA 2AAD
MAAMULIDDA
MAALGASHIGA**

Qodobka 5aad:

**Xilka iyo
Waajibaadka
Wasaaradda**

- 1) Xilka iyo waajibaadka Wasaaradda Horumarinta Maalgashiga waxa ka maada ah;
 - a) Maamulidda iyo isku xidhka arrimaha maalgashiga ee Jmahuuriyadda Somaliland.
 - b) Abuuridda xidhiidh wada shaqayneed oo dhexmara maalgashadayaasha iyo hay'adaha Xukuumadda ee kale iyo wasaaradaha ay khusayso ee masuulka ka ah khayraadka la maalgashanayo.
 - c) Dhiirigelinta maalgashiga shisheeyaha, Soo jiidashada maalgashiga qurbajooga iyo kor u

**PART TWO
ADMINISTRATION OF
INVESTMENT**

**Article 5:
Duties and Responsibilities
of the Ministry**

- 1) The Ministry of Investment Promotion shall have the following duties and responsibilities: -
 - a) To regulate and coordinate investment matters in the Republic of Somaliland,
 - b) To co-ordinate and establishes working relationship among investors and other government agencies and line-ministries which are responsible for the resources invested in.
 - c) Encourage foreign investment, attract diaspora investment and promote domestic investment
 - d) collect and disseminate information about

qaadida maalgashiga gudaha d) ururinta iyo faafinta macluumaadka ku saabsan fursadaha maalgashi iyo ilaha dhaqaalaha maalgashiga, dhiirigelinta ay heli karaan maalgashadayaashu iyo jawiga maalgashiga ee dalka; e) Abaabulka wax-qabadyo sida bandhigyo, aqoon-isweydaarsiyo iyo seminaaro dalka gudihiisa iyo dibediisaba; f) Qabashada codsiyada shahaadooyinka maalgashiga, cusbooneysiintooda iyo burinta shahaadooyinka maalgashiga iyo diiwaangelinta hantida maalgashiga ee ay dalka la keeneen maalgashadayaasha shisheeye; g) kormeeridda hirgelinta mashaariicda maalgashiga ee ay bixisay shahaadooyinkooda, iyo hubinta in	investment opportunities and sources of investment capital, incentives available to investors and the investment climate; e) organizing such activities as exhibitions, workshops and seminars locally or abroad f) receive and process applications for investment certificates issue, renew and cancel investment certificates within its jurisdiction and register investment capital brought into the country by foreign investors; g) Monitor the implementation of investment projects for which it has issued certificates, ensure that the terms of the investment certificates are complied with and incentives granted to investors are used for the intended purposes. h) Establishment of a “One-Stop-Shop” for investors that provides all investment
---	---



shuruudihii shahaadada maalgashiga loo hogaansamay iyo sidoo kale dhiirrigelinta la siiyo maalgashadayaasha loo isticmaalo ujeeddooyinka loogu talagalay; h) Samaynta goob-adeegeed laga wada helayo adeegyada hawsha u fududaynaya maalgashadayaasha ee ay u baahanyihiin; i) Diyaarinta siyaasadaha iyo qorsheyaasha uu maalgashigu u baahanyahay si maalgashadayaasha loogu abuuro deegaan soo jiidasho oo ay Dalka ku maalgashadaan; j) Dib u eegista iyo wax ka bedelka qorsheyaasha iyo talobixinaha la xidhiidha xeerarka maalgashiga. k) Samaynta cilmibaadhis iyo diyaarinta xog sax ah oo la xidhiidha fursadaha maalgashi ee Dalka; l) Diiwaangelinta	facilitation services they need; i) Preparing the policies and plans required for an investment in order to create an environment attraction for investors to invest in the country; j) Review and amendment proposals and recommendations of investment related laws. k) Conducting researches and preparing up to date information about investment opportunities in the Country; l) Registration of investors and protection of the their rights in collaboration with other concerned Government ministries and agencies; m) Implementation of the investment policies and strategies in the Country; n) Develop, review and disseminate the investment guidelines; o) Supervise and monitor of investment projects to ensure compliance
--	--



maalgashadayaasha iyo ilaalinta xuquuqdooda iyadoo la kaashanaysa wasaaradaha iyo wakaaladaha kale ee Xukuumadda ee ay khusayso; m) Fulinta siyaasadaha iyo istiraatiijiyadaha maalgashi ee Dalka n) Horumarinta, dib u eegista iyo soo bandhigista hagayaasha maalgelinta; o) Kormeeridda iyo dabogalka mashaariicda maalgelineed si loo hubiyo in ay u hogaansanyihiin qodobada Xeerkan iyadoo la kaashanaysa wasaaradaha ay khusayso; p) Xoojinta xidhiidhada u dhexeeya maalgashadayaasha, hay'adaha dawladda iyo dadwaynaha; q) Xallinta khilaafaadka la xidhiidha maalgashiga; iyo r) galidda heshiisyo maalgashi ee wadan	with the provisions of this Law in collaboration with the line-ministries. p) Strengthening the relationships between investors, public institutions and the public; q) Resolution of investment related disputes; and r) Interfering into private and multilateral investment agreements with other countries. s) Carry out any other duties imposed by this act, its regulations and the National Investment Policy or by any other law of the Country.
---	--

ama wadamo kale.

- s) Fulinta wixii waajibaad ah ee kale ee ay jideeyaan Xeerkan, xeer-nidaamiyeyaasha ka farcama, siyaasadda Qaran ee Maalgashiga ama xeerarka kale ee Dalka.

t)

Qodobka 6aad; Qaybaha Mudnaanta Maalgashiga

Waxa mudnaanta, xagga ogolaanshaha iyo fududaynta maalgashiga, la siinkaraa maalgashiga ku aaddan meelaha: -

- 1) Leh ka faa'iidayso midho-dhal oo ku aaddan khayraadka dabiiciga ah iyo dadka Somaliland;
- 2) Soo kordhinaya teknoolojiyad ku habboon xaaladaha Dalka;
- 3) Keenikara dakhli ama kaydada sarriifka qalaad ah iyada oo loo marayo wax dhoofin, soo dejin khayraad ku salaysan ama hawlo adeegyo ah; iyo
- 4) Ka qayb qaadanaya gobol ahaan horumar dhacaan-dhaqaale oo

Article 6:

Investment Priority Sectors

Priority, in terms of approval and investment facilitation, may be given to investments in those areas where it: -

- 1) Puts to productive use of Somaliland's human and natural resources;
- 2) Introduces innovative technology suited to the country's conditions;
- 3) Generates new earnings or savings of foreign exchange, through exports, resource-based import substitution or service activities; and
- 4) Contributes to regionally balanced socio-economic development. This refers especially to investment in, or closely related to: -
 - a) Agriculture.



dheelli-tiran. Gaar
ahaan waxa arrintan
loola jeedaa
maalgashiga lagu
sameeyo ama la
xidhiidha:

- a) Beeraha.
- b) Xoolaha nool
- c) Kalluumaysiga
- d) Macdanta.
- e) Hawlaha warshadaha
iyadoo loo
adeegsanayo xaddi
dedaal ah oo la
bixinayo oo ku aaddan
wadaagyadan hore.
- f) Dalxiiska, iyadoo ay
shardi tahay in
maalgashigu uu
ku habboonyahay
xaaladaha bulsho,
dhaqaale iyo
kaabeyaal.
- g) Wixii kale ee
maalgashi ah, ee
hawlo adeeg ama
waxsoo saar ah, ee
ku habboon in ay
taageeraan ama
furfuraan, heer
muhiim ah,
horumarinta
wadaagyada kor ku
xusan.

- b) Livestock.
- c) Fishing.
- d) Mineral resources.
- e) Industrial activities
using significant
amount of inputs
produced, by afore-
mentioned sectors.
- f) Tourism provided
that the investment
harmonizes with the
prevailing social,
economic and
infrastructural
conditions.
- g) Any other investment,
in production and
service activities,
suited to support and
stimulate, in a
significant degree, the
development of the
aforementioned
sectors.

Qodobka 7aad

Codsiga Maalgashiga

Muwaadinka

- 1) Codsiga shahaadada maalgashiga ee uu codsanayo muwaadinka raba in uu maalgashi sameeyaa, waxa loo gudbinayaa Wasaaradda maalgashiga iyada oo lagu soo gudbinayo foomka loogu talagalay, laguna soo lifaaqayo iyo nuqulada hoos ku xusan:

- a) Haddii maalgashiga uu samaynayo shakhsi, nuqul kaadhka aqoonsiga qofka maalgashiga samaynaya iyo laba sawir oo nooca baasaaboorka ah oo dhawaan la galay;

- b) Hadii maalgashiga ay samaynayso shirkadi, nuqul ka mid ah heshiiska saamiilayda iyo Xeerka aasaaska shirkadda iyo nuqulada kaadhadhka

Article 7:

Investment Application by a Domestic Investor

- 1) An application for investment Certificate by a domestic investor shall be submitted to the investment Ministry in the prescribed form together with the following documents in one copy:

- a) where the investment is to be made by an individual person, a photocopy of his identity card and his recent two passport size photographs;

- b) where the investment is to be made by a company or business organization, a certified copy of its memorandum and articles of associations, and copies of every shareholder's identity cards

aqoonsiga ee
saamiileyaasha.

Qodobka 8aad:

Codsiga Maalgashiga ee

Qofka Ajaanibka ah

- 1) Codsiga shahaadada maalgashiga ee doonaya in uu maaligalin sameeyo waxa loo gudbinayaa Wasaaradda Maalgashiga iyada oo lagu soo gudbinayo foomka loogu talagalay laguna soo lifaaqayo nuquladan hoos ku xusan:-
 - a) Haddii uu maalgashiga samaynayo shakhsi, nuqulka baasaaboorkiisa oo sax magaciisuna ku cad yahay, laba sawir oo nooca baasaaboorka ah oo uu dhawaan galay;
 - b) Haddii maalgashiga ay samaynayso shirkad, magaca ay ku diwaangashan tahay iyo waddanka ay ka diwaangashan tahay shirkaddu, shahaadadeeda

Article 8:

Investment Application by a Foreign Investor

- 1) Application for investment Certificate by a foreign investor shall be submitted to the investment Ministry in the prescribed together with the following documents in one copy:
 - a) where the investment is to be made by an individual person, a photocopy of the relevant pages of a valid passport showing his identity and his recent two passport size photographs;
 - b) Where the investment is to be made by a company or a business organization, the registered name and country of incorporation of the company, its certificate of incorporation and certified copy of its memorandum and articles of association.

diwaangalinta iyo
nuqul heshiiska
saamiileyda iyo
xeerka aasaaska
shirkadda ah.

Qodobka 9aad:
Shuruudda Codsiga
Maalgashiga

- 1) Codsiga maalgalintu waa in uu noqdo mid ku qoran Af-Soomaali ama Af-Ingiriisi hadii loo baahdo, waana in uu saxeexo codsaduho
- 2) Codsigu waa in uu ka koobnaado faahfaahintan soo socoto:-
 - a) Mashruuca maalgashigu waa in uu yahay mid cayiman waana in uu waafaqo wadaagyada mudnaanta leh ee ku xusan Qodobka 6aad ee Xeerkan.
 - b) Warbixinta xisaab bangi oo muujinaya raasamaalka maalgashiga.
 - c) Nuqul sawir ah oo ah heshiiska asalka ah iyo nuqul sawir ah oo ah turjumaadda heshiiska

Article 9:
Conditions of Investment
Application

- 1) The investment application shall be written in Somali or in English **if it's necessary** and shall be duly signed by the applicant, where the applicant is a natural person, or by a legal proxy, where the applicant is an entity or a natural person in his or her absence.
- 2) The application shall have the following details:-
 - a) The investment project shall be specific and shall conform to the priority sectors stated under Article 6 of this Act.
 - b) Bank statement with regard to the capital of

oo Af-Soomaali ah,
haddii maalgelintu
ay tahay mid la
wadaagayo.

- d) Ujeedada
mashruuca, lacagta
lagu maalgalinayo,
wakhtiga iyo
faahfaahinta
shaqaalaha mashruuca
waa in lagu xuso.
- e) Haddii mashruuca
maalgashigu uu
saamaynayo
deegaanka; warbixinta
qiimaynta saamaynta
deegaanka waa in ay
codsiga ku lifaaqan
tahay.

Qodobka 10aad:

Soo-saarista Shahaadada Maalgashiga

- 1) Wasaaraddu marka ay
hesho codsiyada ku
xusan Qodobada 7aad
iyo 8aad ee Xeerkan,
waxay ku darsaysaa 30
maalmood gudhadood
si waafaqsan xeerkan
iyo xeer-
nidaamiyeyaasha ka
dheegma, waxayna:

the investment.

- c) A copy of the original
agreement and a copy of
its official translation
into Somali language,
where the investment is
on a joint venture.
- d) The purpose of the
project, the funding,
the timing and
credentials of the
project human
resources shall be
stated.
- e) In the event the
investment project may
affect the environment;
an environmental
impact assessment
report shall be attached
to the application.

Article 10:

Issuance of Investment Certificate

- 1) within 30 days from
receipt of an application
made in accordance with
Articles 7 and 8 of this
Act, the Ministry shall,
after examining the



a) Soo saaraysaa shahaadada maalgashiga haddii ay ku qanacdo codsiga; b) Ku wargalinaysaa maalgashadaha go'aankeeda diidmada iyo sababta ay u diiday oo qoraal ah haddii aanay ku qancin codsiga. 2) Haddii la rabo in codsiga wax laga soo bedelo, waa in codsadaha si dhakhso ah arrintaa loogu wargeliyo 30 maalmood gudahood 3) Haddii Wasaaradu ogolaato codsiga maalgashiga ee maalgashadaha; shahaado muujinaysa waxa maalgashigiisa loo ogolaaday ayay Wasaaradu u soo saaraysaa, 4) Shahaadaha maalgalintu waxa ay shaqaynaysaa muddo Laba iyo toban (12) bilood ah oo ka bilaabmaya maalinta la	intended investment activity in light of this Act, and regulations and directives issued hereunder: a) issue investment Certificate, where the application is found acceptable; or b) notify the investor of its decision and the reason thereof in writing, where the application is found unacceptable 2) In the event a modification of an application is required, the applicant shall immediately be notified to that effect within 30 days 3) In the event the Ministry has approved the investment application of the investor; a "Certificate of Investment in an approved enterprise" shall be issued by the Ministry, 4) The "Certificate of Investment in an approved enterprise" shall be valid for a period
--	--



bixiyay, muddadaa dhexdeeda, codsaduho waa in uu fuliyo dhammaan wixii kale ee waajibaad ah ee looga baahanyahay si xeerkan iyo xeerarka dalka waafaqsan.

Qodobka 11aad:

Cusboonaysiinta Shahaadada Maalgashiga

- 1) Shahaadada maalgashiga dib ayaa loo eegayaa sanad kasta
- 2) Codsiga cusboonaysiinta shahaadada maalgashigau waxa la soo gudbinayaa laguna cusboonaysiinayaa bil gudaheed kadib dhammaadka muddada halka sano ah ee ay shahaadadu ansaxa tahay.
- 3) Wasaaraddu shahaadada maalgashiga dib u eegis bay ku samaynaysaa, haddii ay ku qanacdo in ay jiraan sababo keenaya dib u dhaca bilawga ama dhammaystirka fulinta mashruuca

of twelve (12) months as of date of issue, during which, the applicant shall fulfill all other legal obligations and requirements in accordance with this act and other laws of the Country.

Article 11: Renewal of Investment Certificate

- 1) An investment Certificate shall be renewed every year.
- 2) An application for renewal of an investment Certificate shall be submitted and renewed within one month after the end of a period of one year for which the permit remains valid.
- 3) The Ministry of Investment shall renew the investment Certificate, where satisfied, as to the existence of sufficient cause for the delay in the commencement or completion of his project implementation.
- 4) Any investor, who has not commenced implementing his project within two years since



maalgashi.

- 4) maalgashade kasta oo aan ku bilaabin mashruuciisa maalgalined labo sano gudahood oo ka bilaabanta markii la siiyay shahaadada maalgashiga, waxa la burinayaa shahaadadiisa maalgashiga

Qodobka 12aad:

Wareejinta Shahaadada Maalgashiga

- 1) Shahaadada maalgashiga laguma wareejin karo qof kale ama shirkad kale haddii aanay Wasaaraddu ogolaan marka hore.
- 2) Wareejinta shahaadada maalgashiga waxa ku xidhan shuruudaha lagu sheegay shahaadada waxana shardi ah in aanay shuruudahaas jabin.

Qodobka 13aad:

Wax ka bedelka Shahaadada Maalgashiga

- 1) haddii uu codsado maalgashaduhu, Wasaaraddu wax bay

the issuance of the investment Certificate, shall have his permit cancelled without any precondition.

Article 12:

Transfer of the Investment Certificate

- 1) An investment certificate may not be transferred to another person or company without prior written approval of the Ministry.
- 2) The transfer of an investment certificate is subject to any restrictions prescribed in the investment certificate provided it does not breach those conditions.

Article 13:

Amendment of the Certificate

- 1) **If the investor requests,**



ka bedeli kartaa shahaadada maalgashiga iyada oo raacaysa shuruudaha wax ka bedelka ee lagu sheegi doono xeer-nidaamieyaasha xeerkan ka dheegma.

- 2) Haddii waxa laga bedelo nuxurkeeda waxa loo gudbinayaa Wasaaradda si ay u ansixiso.

**Qodobka 14aad:
Hakinta iyo kala
noqoshada Shahaadada
Maalgashiga.**

- 1) Haddii maalgashaduhu jabiyo qodobada xeerkan ama xeer-nidaamieyaasha ka dheegma, Wasaaraddu waxay ka hakin kartaa shahaadada maalgashiga ilaa inta uu maalgashaduhu ka saxayo qaladaadkiisa.
- 2) Wasaaraddu waxay ku hakin kartaa shahaadada maalgashiga asbaabahan soo socda:
- a) Haddii maalgashigu uu halis ku yahay nabadgelyada qaranka, caafimaadka, xuquuqda aadamaha,

the Ministry may amend an investment certificate subject to any restrictions prescribed in the regulations under this Act.

- 2) Where any change is made in its content, it shall be submitted to the Ministry for approval.

**Article 14:
Suspension and
Revocation of Investment
Certificate**

- 1) Where an investor violates the provisions of this Act or regulations issued to implement this Act, the Ministry may suspend the investment Certificate until the investor takes due corrective measures.
- 2) The Ministry may suspend an investment Certificate on the following grounds;
- a) If the investment poses threat to national security, health, human rights, environment or cultural concerns.
- b) If the information given



deegaanka ama dhaqanka. b) Haddii macluumaadka lagu qoray codsiga maalgashigu uu ahaa been ama mid aan sax ahayn. c) Haddii hawlahaa maalgashigu ay ku xadgudbeen heshiiskii maalgashiga. d) Haddii ogolaanshaha maalgashiga ee la siiyay uu uga faa'iidaystay dano kale oo aan loo ogolaan. e) Haddii dhiirigalintii la siiyay si khaldan loo isticmaalay ama si sharci darro ah qof kale lagu wareejiyay; f) Haddii maalgashaduhu sabab la'aan ku guuldaraysto in uu cusboonaysiiyo shahaadada si waafaqsan Qodobka 11aad ee Xeerkan; g) Haddii maalgashaduhu uu ku xad-gudbay qodobada Xeerkan, xeer-nidaamiye ka dheegmay ama xeerarka kale ee dhaqangalka ah ee Dalka.	in the investment application was false or incorrect. c) If the investment engagements have violated the investment agreement. d) If the approval investment granted has been taken advantage of other interests not permitted. e) If the incentives granted are misused or illegally transferred to another person. f) If the investor has failed, without good cause, to renew the Certificate in accordance with Article 11 of this Act. g) If the investor has violated any provision of this Law, subsequent regulation or other applicable laws of the Country. h) If the investor transferred the investment permission to a third party without legal authorization. i) If the investor has failed to start the investment project within agreed time and without reasonable causes.
--	--



h) Haddii maalgashaduhu Shahaadadii maalgashi ee la siiyay uu u wareejiyay cid saddexaad isagoon ogolaansho sharci ah haysanin. i) Haddii maalgashaduhu ku guul darraysto in uu bilaabo mashruucii maalgelinta muddadii lagu heshiiyay isagoon haysan sababo la garawsan karo. j) Haddii shuruudihii shahaadada maalgashiga lagu bixiyay la jabiyay. 3) Haddii Wasaaraddu go'aamiso in la hakiyo shahaadada maalgashiga, waxay maalgashadaha shahaadada laga hakinayo la siinayaa ugu yaraan soddon maalmood oo ogaysiis qoraal ah oo lagu sheegayo sababaha looga hakinayo waxana fursad loo siinayaa in uu isdifaaco oo sheego sababaha aanay ahayn in shahaadada looga hakiyo. 4) Haddii maalgashaduhu aanu ku xallin	j) If the conditions of the investment certificate were breached. 3) where the Ministry decides to suspend an investment certificate, the Ministry shall give the holder of the investment certificate at least thirty days written notice of the grounds for the proposed suspension and shall give the holder an opportunity to make representations as to why the investment certificate should not be suspended. 4) Where the investor has not settled the causes for suspension during suspended time provided under sub-article 3 of this article, then the Ministry shall revoke the investment certificate.
---	--

sababaha looga
hakinayo, muddada
hakinta ee k-u xusan
farqada 3aad ee
qodobkan, Wasaaradda
waxa ku waajiba inay
buriso shahaadadii
maalgashiga.

Qodobka 15aad:
Saamaynta
BurintaShahaadada
Maalgashiga

- 1) Marka shahaadada lagala noqdo, Maalgashaduhu waxa uu isla markaaba waayayaa dhammaan xuquuqihii uu lahaa ee uu shahaadada ku helay.
- 2) Burinta shahaadada ogolaanshaha maalgashigu waxa ay joojinaysaa mashruucii maalgelinta, maalgashaduhuna waa in uu bixiyo dhammaan cashuurihii lagala dhaafay ogolaanshaha maalgashiga.
- 3) Maalgashadaha shahaadada lagala noqday waxa uu ku soo celinayaa dhammaan faaiidooyinka ay

Article 15:
Effects of Investment
Certificate Revocation

- 1) Upon revocation of an investment Certificate, the investor shall immediately lose all entitlements resulted from the certificate.
- 2) The revocation of the Investment permission stops the investment project, and the investor shall pay all taxes exempted on the basis of investment permission.
- 3) An investor whose investment Certificate is revoked shall return, within one month as of the day of revocation, all the benefits granted to him by the Ministry and other appropriate organs.
- 4) An investor whose investment Certificate is revoked may not be issued with a new



Wasaaraddu siisay iyo hay'addaha kaleba, muddo bil ah gudaheed oo ka bilaabanta maalintii lagala noqday.

- 4) Maalgashadaha shahaadadiisa lala noqday mid cusub looma soo saari karo muddo sanad gudaheed ah oo ka bilaabanta taariikhdiisii lagala noqday shahaada hore marka loo soo saaro shahaadada, waxaa loola dhaqmayaa inuu yahay maalgashade cusub

**Qodobka 16aad:
Racfaanka
Diidmada Soo
Saarista,
Xayiraadda Iyo
Lanoqoshada
Shahaadada
Maalgashiga**

- 1) Qof kasta oo codsigiisa dalbashada shahaadada maalgashiga la diido ama shahaadadiisa maalgashiga la hakiyo ama lala noqdaa waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in uu racfaan ka qaato

investment Certificate before the lapse of one year from the date of revocation, when issued the investor shall be regarded as new investor

**Article 16:
Appeal Against Non-
Issuance,
Suspension and
Revocation of the
Investment
Certificate**

- 1) Anyone whose application for the investment certificate has been rejected, or whose certificate of investment has been suspended or revoked,



go'aanka Wasaaradda.

- 2) Racfaanka lagu sheegay faqrada laad ee Qodobkan waxa loo gudbinayaa Maxkamadda Sare.
- 3) Maxkamadda Sare racfaanka loo soo gudbiyay waxay u dhagaysanaysaa si waafaqsan Xeerka Habka Madaniga ah, go'aankeeduna waa kama danbeys.

Qodobka 17aad:
Raasamaalka ugu yar ee
Maalgashiga

- 1) Maalgaliye kasta oo wadani ah ama shisheeye ah, si uu u sameeyo maalgashi xeerkan waafaqsan, waxa looga baahan yahay in uu ku maalgaliyo raasamaal dhan 100,000 USD (Boqol oo Kun oo Dollar) ama lacag u dhiganta shilinka Somaliland halkii mashruuc ee

has a right to appeal against the decision of the Ministry.

- 2) The appeal in paragraph (1) of this article shall be submitted to the Supreme Court.
- 3) The Supreme Court shall hear the appeal submitted to it in accordance with Civil Procedure Law and the decision of the Supreme Court is final.

Article 17:
Minimum Capital
Requirements for
Investment

- 1) Any domestic or foreign investor, to be allowed to invest pursuant to this Act, shall be required to allocate a minimum capital of USD 100,000 (One hundred thousand Dollar) or equivalent to Somaliland shilling for a single investment

maalgashiya.

- 2) Maalgaliye kasta oo dib ugu maalgalinaya faa'iidooyinkii ama saamigii faa'iidada ee uu ka helay maalgashigiisa dalka, looga xaddidayo raasamaal la xidhiidha dib u maalgalintiisaasi.

Qodobka 18aad: Goob-Adeeggedka

- 1) Wasiirka Horumarinta Maalgashigu isagoo la tashanaya wasaaradaha iyo wakaaladaha ay khusayso, waxa uu soo saarayaa xeer-nidaamiye uu ku samaynayo hal meel kaliya **(One-Stop-Shop)** oo ay maalgashadayaashu ka helayaan adeegyada ay u baahanyihiin si looga caawiyo in ay helaan dhammaan macluumaadka ay doonayaan.
- 2) Xeer-nidaamiyaha ku xusan faqrada laad ee Qodobkan waxa uu si faahfaahsan u qeexayaa halka ay goobtaasi noqonayso, sida ay u

project.

- 2) Any investor re-investing his profits or dividends generated from his existing enterprise may not be required to allocate a minimum capital,

Article 18: One-stop-Shop

- 1) The Minister of Investment Promotion, in consultation with the relevant ministries and agencies, shall issue a regulation establishing a single place **(One - Stop-Shop)** conducting all services needed by investors and also to help them have access to all related information.
- 2) The regulation in paragraph one of this Article, will describe in detail where the one-stop-shop will operate, how it functions and all other relevant issues thereof.



shaqaynayso iyo
arrimaha kale ee la
xidhiidha.

QAYBTA 3AAD

ILAALINTA

MAALGASHIGA

Qodobka 19aad: Xuquuqaha iyo Waajibaadka Maalgashadaha

- 1) Maalgashaduhu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay dhammaan xuquuqaha uu Dastuurka Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland u dammaanad qaaday muwaadiniinta iyo ajaanibkaba waxaana sidoo kale saaran dhammaan waajibaadka ku dhex xusan Dastuurka iyo xeerarka kale ee Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland.
- 2) Dhammaan maalgashadayaasha waa in lagula dhaqmo, ugu yaraan, heerka macaamil ee ugu hooseeya ee uu dhigayo xeer-dhaqameedka caalamiga ahi, oo ay ka

PART THREE PROTECTION OF INVESTMENT

Article 19: Rights and Obligations of Investor

- 1) The investor shall be entitled to all the rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the Republic of Somaliland to citizens and foreign nationals and shall also be subject to all duties embedded in the Constitution and other laws of the Republic of Somaliland.
- 2) All investors shall be treated, at least, with the minimum standard of treatment under customary international law, including fair and equitable treatment.
- 3) Notwithstanding what has been stated in the preceding Paragraph of this Article, the Government of



mid yihiin macaamil
cadaaladeed iyo
sinnaan.

- 3) Iyada oo aan la
eegayn arrimaha
Faqradda hore ee
Qodobkan lagusoo
xusay, Xukuumadda
Somaliland waxa ay xaq
u leedahay in ay qaaddo
tallaabooyinka danta u
ah ujeedooyinka ay
tilmaamayaan
siyaasadaheedu ilaa
inta aanay ka hor
imanayn qodobada
Xeerkan.

**Qodobka 20aad:
Dammaanadda
Maalgashiga**

- 1) Iyadoo la raacayo
qodobada Xeerkan,
heshiisyada caalamiga
ah iyo heshiisyada
maalgashi ee ay
Somaliland ku jirto,
waajibaadka kale ee
Somaliland saaran iyo
ciqaab ama xakamayn
kasta oo lagu rido dal
shisheeye ama
muwaadiniinta dal
shisheeye:-
a) Maalgashadeyaash
a shisheeye waa in

Somaliland shall have
the right to take
measures conducive to
legitimate objectives
dictated by its policies so
long as the way such
measures are
implemented is not
incompatible with the
provisions of this Law.

**Article 20:
Investment Guarantees**

- 1) Subject to the provisions
of this Law, international
treaties and investment
agreements entered into
by the Government of
Somaliland, other
obligations of Somaliland
and any sanctions or
restrictions imposed
against any foreign
country or nationals of
any foreign country:
- a) Foreign investors shall
be accorded treatment
no less than favorable,
in like circumstances,



ay helaan macaamil aan ka hoosayn, duruufaha isku midka ah, macaamilka ay helaan maalgashadeyaash a waddaniga ah xagga kobcinta, maaraynta, hab- dhaqanka, hawlgalka iyo iibka ama wixii dabeecad maalgashi ah ee Somaliland lagu sameeyo; iyo b) Xukuumadda Somaliland waa in ay siiso maalgashadaha shisheeye macaamil aan ka hoosayn, duruufaha isku midka ah, macaamilka la siiyo maalgashadeyaal shisheeye oo kale iyo maalgashiyadooda xagga kobcinta, maaraynta, hab- dhaqanka, hawlgalka iyo iibka ama wixii dabeecad maalgashi ah ee	than that accorded to domestic investors with respect to the expansion, management, conduct, operation and sale or other disposition of investment in Somaliland; and b) The Government of Somaliland shall accord to a foreign investor treatment no less favorable than that it accords, in like circumstances, to other foreign investors and their investments with respect to the expansion, management, conduct, operation and sale or other disposition of investment in its territories and their investments. 2) The treatment of foreign investors in accordance with applicable international treaties and investment agreements entered into by the Government of Somaliland shall not constitute
---	---



lagu sameeyo dhulkeeda iyo maalgashiyadoodab a. 2) Macaamilka maalgashadeyaasha shisheeye ee waafaqsan heshiisyo caalami ah iyo heshiisyo maalgashi oo la dhaqan-galinyo oo ay Somaliland ku jirto macnihiisu maaha takoorid, sidoo kale maaha jabin la jabiyay Qodobkan. 3) Macaamil dheeraad ah oo la siiyay maalgashadeyaal dal kasoo jeeda si waafaqsan heshiisyo caalami ah iyo heshiisyo maalgashi xaq u siin maayo maalgashadeyaasha kale in isla sidaa loola macaamilo si waafaqsan Xeerkan. 4) Maalgashi kasta oo Somaliland lagu sameeyo waa in aan la qaramayn, lala wareegin ama aan lagu dabbaqin tallaabo kasta oo dadban oo raadka la wareegiska ama qaramaynta la mid ah, marka laga soo reebo	discrimination, nor otherwise constitute a breach of this Article. 3) Any more favorable treatment accorded to investors from any country pursuant to any international treaties and investment agreements shall not entitle other investors to the same treatment pursuant to this Law. 4) Any Investments in Somaliland shall not be nationalized, expropriated or subjected to any indirect measures having an equivalent effect, except by provision of a law, in the public interest, for a public purpose, on a non-discriminatory basis and accompanied by prompt, adequate and effective compensation. 5) The compensation referred to in the preceding Paragraph of this Article shall:- a) Be paid without delay; b) Be equivalent to the fair markt value of
---	---



xeer loo raacay, dan guud, ujeeddo guud, oo aan takoor ku salaysnayn, oo isla markaana ay waajib tahay in la siiyo magdhaw degdeg ah, ku filan oo waxtar u leh.

5) Magdhawga Faqraddan hore ee Qodobkan ku xusan waa:-

- a) In degdeg loo bixiyo;
- b) In uu la mid noqdo qiimaha maalgashiga lala wareegay uu suuqa ka marayay isla markii lala wareegay ka hor; iyo

c) In si dhamaystiran loo xaqiijin karo si xor ahna loo wareejinkaro.

6) Maalgashadaha hantidiisa lala wareegay ama la qaramaayay waxa uu raadsan karaa magdhaw dastuuri ah ama magdhawiyada ku xusan xeerarka Somaliland ama waxa uu ku raadin karaa hababka kale ee ku xusan heshiis

the expropriated investment immediately before the expropriation took place; and

c) Be fully realisable and freely transferable.

6) The investor whose property has been expropriated or nationalised may seek constitutional or other remedies under the laws of Somaliland, or may resort to other methods of resolution of disputes provided for in any agreement between the investor and the Government of Somaliland.



ka dhexeeya
maalgashadaha iyo
Xukuumadda
Somaliland si xal
looga gaadho
murannada.

**Qodobka 21aad:
Ilaalinta Xuquuqda Hal-
abuurka (IPRs)**

Xukuumadda Somaliland
waxay illaalinaysaa
xuquuqaha hantida hal-
abuurka ee dhamaan
maalgashadeyaasha
Somaliland, waxayna
dhaqangalinaysaa
xuquuqaha astaamaha
ganacsi (trademarks),
xuquuqda hal-abuurka,
xuquuqda ikhtiraaca iyo
xuquuqaha kale ee la
xidhiidha hal-abuurka si
waafaqsan xeerarka dalka
ee khuseeya iyo xeerarka
caalamiga ah ee
Somaliland ku ayidday
Qodobka 10aad ee
Dastuurka Somaliland.

**Article 21:
Protection of Intellectual
Property Rights (IPRs)**

The Government of
Somaliland shall protect the
intellectual property rights of
all investors in Somaliland
and shall enforce rights to
trademarks, copyrights,
patents and other
intellectual property rights in
accordance with any related
national laws and
international laws based on
Article 10 of the Somaliland
constitution.

Qodobka 22aad:
Lanoqoshada,
Raasamaalka,
Faaiidooyinka iyo
Saamiyada

- 1) Maalgashadeyaashu waxa ay xaq u leeyahiin in ay si aan xadidayn u isticmaalaan maalgashigooda iyo wixii dakhli ah ee si sharci ah ay uga heleen maalgashigooda iyo dhamaan faaiidooyinka shaqada ganacsiga, iyadoo loo hogaansamayo wixii cashuur iyo waajibaad sharci ee kale ah, waxay ku celin karaan ganacsiga ama waxay u bixin karaan si kale oo kasta oo sharci ah.
- 2) Maalgashadeyaashu, iyadoo la tixgelinayo dhammaan lacagaha la xidhiidha maalgashigooda Somaliland, waxa ay xaq u leeyihiin in ay si xor ah lacagta qaranka Somaliland ugu bedeshaan lacag kasta

Article 22:

Repatriation of Capital, Profits and Dividends

- 1) Investors shall have an unrestricted right to use their investments and any incomes lawfully received there from for any lawful purpose and all proceeds of the operations of an enterprise may, subject to tax and other lawful obligations, be retained by the business organization, or disposed of in any lawful manner.
- 2) Investors, with respect to all payments related to their investments in Somaliland, shall have the right to freely convert national currency of Somaliland into any allowed freely convertible currency, in accordance with the provisions of relevant laws.
- 3) Investors have the right to transfer funds, including but not limited



oo kale oo la ogolyahay, si waafaqsan qodobada xeerarka ay khusayso.

3) Maalgashadeyaashu waxa ay xaq u leeyihiin in lacagaha, ay ka mid yihiin faa'iidooyinka, macaashka raasamaalka kasoo baxa, lacagaha lagama maarmaanka u ah in qalab muhiim ah lagu keeno, lacagaha loogu talagalay horumarinta maalgashiga, lacagaha dayn lagu bixinayo, lacagta kasoo baxda iib ama maalgashigii oo la lacageeyay, u xawilaan debedda iyagoo ah lacag si xor ah bedeliddeeda loo ogolaaday.

4) Iyadoo aan la eegayn arrimaha ku xusan Faqradda 3aad ee Qodobkani, Xukuumadda Somaliland waxa ay hor istaagi kartaa ama dib u dhigi kartaa xawilaadda lacago iyadoo u maraysa hab cadaaladeed oo aan takoor lahayn si niyad wanaag ahna u dabbaqaysa xeerarka

to, profits, dividends, funds necessary for acquisition of important materials, funds for the investment development, funds in repayment of loans, the proceeds of sale or liquidation of the investment, overseas in allowed freely convertible currency.

4) Notwithstanding sub-article 3 of this Article; the Government of Somaliland may prevent or delay a transfer of funds through the equitable, non-discriminatory and good faith application of Somaliland laws and regulations relating to:

- a) Bankruptcy, insolvency or the protection of the rights of creditors;
- b) Penal offences or money laundering offences.
- c) Financial reporting or record keeping of transfers when necessary to assist



iyo xeer-nidaamiyeyaasha dalka ee la xidhiidha: - a) Musalafidda, caydhawga ama ilaalinta xuquuqda daynlayaasha; b) Danbiyo cigaab ah ama dambiyada maydhaanka lacagaha. c) Warbixin maaliyadeed ama diiwaan xisaabeedka xawilaadaha marka ay muhiim u tahay dhaqangelinta sharciga ama hay'adaha maamula maaliyadda; d) Xeerarka ilaalinta lacagta ee uu caddeeyay ama uu baahiyay Baanka Somaliland; iyo e) Hubinta waafaqsanaanta amarrada ama xukunada ka dhasha dacwado garsoor ama maamul.	law enforcement or financial regulatory authorities; d) Fiscal prudential rules specified and published by the Bank of Somaliland; or e) Ensuring compliance with orders or judgments in judicial or administrative proceedings.
--	---

**QAYBTA 4AAD
DHIIRRIGELINTA
MAALGASHIGA
Qodobka 23aad:
Cashuur-dhaafka
Macaashul
Macaashka**

- 1) Maalgaliye kasta oo la siiyay shahaadada maalgashigu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay cashuur-dhaafka macaashul macaashka oo u dhigma 100% shanta sano ee hore oo ka bilaabmayso marka uu mashruucii maalgashigu shaqada bilaabo iyo 50% shanta sano ee ku xiga.

**Qodobka 24aad:
Cashuur-dhaafka Soo
Dejinta Qalabka**

- 1) Maalgashade kasta oo la siiyay shahaadada maalgashigu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay inuu helo cashuur-dhaafka cashuurta soo dejinta oo ah 100% ee la xidhiidha soo dejinta qalabka dhismaha iyo hirgelinta mashruuca maalgashiga.

**PART FOUR
INVESTMENT INCENTIVES
AND BENEFITS**

**Article 23:
Profit Income Tax
Exemption**

- 1) Any investor who is issued an investment certificate shall be entitled to a profit income tax exemption equivalent to 100% for the first five years, from commencing operation of his business, and a 50% for the next five years.

**Article 24:
Import Tax Exemptions for
Equipment and Supplies**

- 1) Any Investor who is issued an investment certificate shall be entitled to get 100% import customs duties exemption regarding importing machinery and equipments, directly related to plant and develop to the approved



- 2) Maalgashade kasta oo la siiyay shahaadada maalgashigu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay inuu helo cashuur-dhaafka cashuurta kastamka oo ah 100% ee la xidhiidha soo dejinta alaabta caydhiin, alaabooyinka kale ee loogu talo galay wax-soosaarka.

**Qodobka 25aad:
Lahaanshaha Hantida
Maguurtada ah**

- 1) Maalgashadaha muwaadinka ahi waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in uu yeesho hanti maguurto ah iyo hantida kale **ee aan maguurtada ah** ee lagama maarmaan u ah maalgashigiisa.
- 2) Maalgashadaha shisheeye waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in uu yeesho dhisme guryo ah iyo hantida kale oo maguurtada ee lagama maarmaan u ah maalgashigiisa.

investment project.

- 2) Any Investor who is issued an investment certificate shall be entitled to get 100% import customs duties exemption regarding importing raw materials, supplies and components imported for production purposes.

**Article 25:
Ownership of Immovable
Property**

- 1) A domestic investor shall have the right to own and other immovable property necessary for his investment.
- 2) A foreign investor shall have the right to own a dwelling house and other immovable property necessary for his investment.

Qodobka 26aad: Xuquuqda Dal Ku Galka

- 1) Qof kasta oo haysta shahaadada maalgashigu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in uu helo ogolaanshaha dal ku galka ama warqadda ogolaanshaha shaqada iyada oo la raacayo shuruudaha dal ku galka ee ay tahay in qofka ajaanibka ahi u hogaansamo ee lagu sheegay Xeerka Socdaalka iyo Xeerarka kale ee Somaliland.
- 2) Qofka shahaadada maalgashiga haystaa xaq uma laha in uu haysto ogolaansho loo soo saaray qof laga mamnuucay dalka si waafaqsan Xeerka Socdaalka Somaliland.
- 3) Ogolaansho kasta oo loo soo saaray si waafaqsan faqrada laad ee Qodobkan, qof haysta shahaadada maalgashigu waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in loo soo saaro-
 - a) Ogolaanshaha qof kasta oo ku tiirsan qofka ogolaanshaha

Article 26: Entitlement to Entry Permits

- 1) The holder of an investment certificate is entitled to entry permits or work permit subject to conditions that the holder of the certificate should complies in accordance with the immigration law and any other laws of Somaliland.
- 2) The holder of the investment certificate is not entitled to have a permit issued to a person who is a prohibited immigrant within the meaning of the Immigration law of Somaliland.
- 3) For each permit under sub-article (1) of this Article, the holder of the investment certificate is entitle to the issue of -
 - a) a dependant's pass for each dependant of the person to whom the permit is

loo soo saaray; iyo b) Ogolaanshaha dib u soo galista loo baahan yahay ee la xidhiidha ogolaanshaha loo soo saaray si waafaqsan xarafka (a) ee sare. 4) Wasaaraddu waxay u fududaynaysaa qofka haysta shahaadada maalgashiga in loo soo saaro ogolaanshaha iyo dal ku galka uu xaq u leeyahay in loogu soo saaro si waafaqsan Xeerkan. 5) Arrimaha qaybtan lagaga hadlay xaddidi maayaan soo saarista ogolaanshaha ama dal ku galada kale ee lagu sheegay Xeerka Socdaalka ee xaq uu u leeyahay qofka haysta shahaadada maalgashigu in loogu soo saaro si waafaqsan qaybtan. Qodobka 27aad: Shaqaalaha 1) Shaqaalaha shirkaddaha ay leeyihiin maalgashadeyaasha shisheeye ee ku sugan	issued; and b) Such re-entry permits as required in connection with the passes under (a) above. 4) The Ministry shall facilitate the issue of permits and passes that the holder of the investment certificate is entitled to have issued under this section. 5) For greater certainty, nothing in this section limits the issue, under the Immigration Act, of other permits or passes in addition to those which the holder of an investment certificate is entitled to have been issued under this section. Article 27: Labour and Employment 1) Employees of enterprises owned by foreign investors in Somaliland, regardless of nationality, shall be subject to the laws applicable in
--	---



Somaliland, waxa lagu dabaqayaa shuruucda Somaliland iyada oon loo eegin waddamada ay u dhasheen iyo mabaadida sinaanta mushaharka ee shaqooyinka isku midka ah. 2) Xidhiidhka shaqo ee ka dhaxeeya shirkaddaha ay leeyihiin maalgashadeyaasha shisheeye iyo shaqaalahooda waxa lagu dhaqayaa heshiisyadooda shaqo, dawladduna dajin mayso halbeegyo ka hooseeya shuruudaha ay waajibinayaan xeerarka dhaqanka galka ah ee Somaliland. 3) Iyada oon waxba loo dhimmayn qodobada Xeerka Shaqaalaha rayidka ah ee Somaliland, maalgashadeyaashu waxay xaq u leeyihiin in shaqaalaysiiyaan shaqaale ajaanib ah ee kaalmaha shaqo ee maamulka sare, kormeerayaal, tababarayaal iyo	Somaliland and principles of equal pay for equal job. 2) Labour relations between enterprises owned by foreign investors and their employees may be regulated by their labour agreements, which agreements shall not establish standards lower than the mandatory requirements of the applicable law in Somaliland. 3) Without prejudice to the provisions of labour laws applicable in Somaliland, investors shall have the right to employ higher management, supervision, trainers and other technical professions of any nationality necessary for the operation of his investment. 4) Investors shall have the right to employ non-
---	--



xirfadlayaasha farsamo ee lagama marmaanka u ah hawlaha maalgashiisa.

- 4) Maalgashedeyaashu waxa kale oo ay xaq u leeyihiin in ay shaqaalaysiistaan shaqaalaha maamulka iyo xirfadlayaasha aan ahayn ee wadan kasta, waxase shardi ah in aan la helayn muwaadiniin leh khibrada iyo aqoonta la mid ah.

**QAYBTA 5AAD
KHILAFAADKA
Qodobka 28aad:
Xallinta Khilaafaadka**

- 1) Maxkamaddaha Jmahuuriyadda Somaliland ayaa awood u leh xallinta khilaafaadyada la xidhiidha maalgashiga.
- 2) Iyada oon la eegayn nuxurka faqrada laad ee Qodobkan, dhinacyada khilaafka maalgashigu waxay magacaabi karaan xeer-beegti ama hababka kale ee xalinta khilaafaadka ee ay ku

managerial or non-technical staff of any nationality, provided that Somaliland citizens possessing similar qualification or experience required by the sector are not available.

**PART FIVE
DISPUTES**

Article 28:

Settlement of Disputes

- 1) The courts of the Republic of Somaliland shall have jurisdiction over the resolution of investment disputes.
- 2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-Article (1) above, parties to an investment dispute may specify any arbitration or other dispute resolution mechanisms upon which they may agree, within or outside the



heshiiyaan oo maxkamadda dhexdeeda ah ama ka baxsan. 3) Haddii khilaafku u dhaxeeyo maalgashadaha iyo dawladda lana xidhiidho ganacsiga, dadaal oo dhan waxa lays kugu gaynayaa sidii xal midho dhal ah loo gaadhi lahaa. 4) Khilaaf kasta oo u dhaxeeya maalgashadhaa iyo dawladda oo la xidhiidha ganacsiga xeerkan lagu dabaqayo oo aan laga gaadhin xal, waxa loo gudbin karaa dhexdhexaadin haddii dhinacyadu sidaa ku heshiiyaan, waxana loo marayaa:- a) si waafaqsan xeerarka iyo habraacyada dhexdhexaadinta ee Xarunta Caalamiga ah ee Xallinta Khilaafaadka Maalgashiga; ama b) Si waafaqsan hab kasta oo caalami ah	courts. 3) Where a dispute arises between an investor and the Government in respect of an enterprise, all efforts shall be made to reach an amicable settlement. 4) Any dispute between an investor and the Government in respect of an enterprise to which this Act applies but not amicably settled may be submitted, if the parties agree so, to arbitration as follows a) in accordance with the rules and procedures for arbitration by the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes; or b) in accordance with any other national or international machinery for the settlement of investment disputes,
--	---

ama waddan kale gaar u ah oo ku saabsan xallinta khilaafka maalgashiga, dhinacyaduna ku heshiiyaan.	agreed to by the parties.
5) Go'aan kasta oo dhexdhexaadineed oo lagu gaadhay lana xidhiidha dhexdhexaadinta faqrada sare lagu sheegay wuxuu noqonayaa mid kama danbeys ah oo ku waajiba dhinacyada, iyada oo aan go'aankaasi lagu soo saarin amar maxkamadeed dhinacyada waxa ku waajiba ay si toos ah u dhaqan geliyaan.	5) Any arbitral award made in respect of arbitration proceeding conducted in terms of this section shall be final and binding on the parties, without such award having to be made an order of the court and the parties shall give effect to such award forthwith.
6) Iyada oon aan la eegayn nuxurka faqrada 5aad ee Qodobkan, dhinaca go'aanku u dhacay waxa uu xaq u leeyahay in uu Maxkamadda Sare ee jamhuuriyadda Somaliland ka codsado in ay soo saarto amar ay ku qasbayso dhinaca kale in uu u	6) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub- Article (5) above, a party in whose favor an award has been made shall be entitled to apply to the High Court of Somaliland Republic for an order to compel the other party to comply with that award, and the High Court shall have the jurisdiction to grant such as order.

hogaansamo go'aanka dhexdhexaadinta, Maxkamadda Sarena waxay awood garsoor u leedahay in ay soo saarto amarkaas.

QAYBTA 6AAD

QODOBBO KALA

DUWAN Qodobka

29aad:

U Hogaansanaanta

Xeerarka kale iyo

Ilaalinta Deegaanka

- 1) Maalgashade kasta waxa uu waajib ka saaran yahay u hogaansanaanta xeerarka dalka marka uu fulinayo shaqooyinkiisa maalgashi.
- 2) Iyada oon waxba loo dhimmayn faqrada laad ee Qodobkan, maalgashaduhu waxa uu tixgalinaya ilaalinta deegaanka wuxuuna u hogaansamayaa fulinayaana xeerarka iyo xeer-nidaamiyeyaasha la xidhiidha deegaanka ee ku saabsan: -
 - a) Ilaalinta caradda sare, biyaha oogada, kuwa

PART SIX MISCELLANEOUS

Article29:

Duty to Observe Other Laws and Protection of Environment

- 1) Any investor shall have the obligation to observe the laws of the country in carrying out his investment activities.
- 2) Without prejudice to the sub-article (1) above, the investor shall give due regard to environmental protection and shall observe and implement environment friendly corporate rules and regulations for the following purposes;
 - a) Preservation of the top soil, surface and subterranean water, and river bank flora and fauna and ecosystem biodiversity;
 - b) Redemption or repairing the land to the natural position after use or expiry of investment activities;
 - c) responsible solid



dhulka hoostiisa iyo dooxyada, iyo dhirta iyo xayawaanka ku nool iyo noolaha kala duwan ee bii'ada/deegaaka ku nool.

- b) Dib u hagaajinta ama hagaajinta dhulka in lagu soo celiyo sidiisii hore kadib isticmaalka ama marka ay dhamaato hawsha maalgashigu;
- c) Maaraynta qashinka iyo nadiifinta qashinka, walxaha suntan ah ama adeegyada dib u isticmaalka, buuxinta goobaha wax laga qodo;

Qodobka 30aad:

Xeer-nidaamiyeyaal

Wasiirka wasaaradda maalgashiga waxa uu awood u leeyahay in uu soo saaro xeer-nidaamiyeyaal lagu fulinayo qodobada Xeerkan marka uu dhaqangalo kadib, iyadoo ay shardi tahay in aanay ka hor iman Xeerkan.

waste management and disposal of trash, waste, toxic substances in landfills or recycling facilities, composing/decomposing sites;

Article 30: Regulations

The Minister for Investment Promotion shall issue regulations for implementing the provisions of this Law after its enforcement, provided that they must not contradict this Law.

**Qodobka 31aad:
Maalgashiga Shisheeyaha
Ee Aan Xeerkan Lagu
Dabaqayn**

Qodobada xeerkan laguma dabaqayo maalgashiga shisheeyaha ee baadhidda macdanta iyo macdan qododista, ee ay ka mid yihiin kuwa la xidhiidha shidaalka iyo quwada laga dhaliyo korontada nukliyeerka. Maalgashiga noocaas ah waxa lagu dhaqayaa xeerarka macdanta iyo heshiisyada loo galo si xeerarkaa waafaqsan ee u dhexeeya dawlada Somaliland iyo cidda ay khusayso.

**Qodobka 32aad:
Luqadda Rasmiga ah ee
Xeerka**

- 1) Si waafaqsan Qodobka 6aad ee Dastuurka Dalka, maadaama uu xeerkani khuseeyo oo lagu dabaqayo maalgaliyayasha wadaniga ah iyo kuwa ajaanibka ahba, nuqulada afka somaliga ah iyo kan afka ingiriisiga ah ee xeerkani waxay noqonayaan labaduba nuqulo rasmi ah.
- 2) Haddii ay iswaafiqi waayaan ama ay

**Article 31:
Foreign investment not
subject to this law**

The provisions of this law shall not apply to foreign investment in mineral research and mining activities, including those related to the petroleum industry and nuclear power. Such investment shall be subject to the code and the mining regulation and of agreement reached hereunder between the government of Somaliland and the interested party

**Article 32:
Official Language of this
Law**

- 1) In line with Article 6 of the Constitution, and as a result of this law concerns and applies both foreign and domestic investors, the Somali and English language version of this Law shall both be the official versions of this law.



iskhilaafaan macnaha qodobada nuqulka afka soomaaliga ah iyo nuqulka afka ingiriisiga ah ee xeerkan, macnaha qodobada nuqulka afka soomaaliga ah ayaa la qaadanayaa.	2) In the event of any inconsistency or conflict between the Somali and the English language versions of this Law, the Somali language version shall prevail.
Qodobka 33aad: Nasakhid iyo Dhaqangal	Article 33: Repeal and Enforcement
1) Xeerkani waxa uu nasakhay Xeerkii Maalgashiga Shisheeye ee Xeer Lr. 29/2004 ee Jamhuuriyadda Somaliland.	1) This Law has repealed the Foreign Investment Law of the Republic of Somaliland. Law No: 29/2004
2) Xeerkani waxa uu dhaqangalayaa marka ay ansixiyaan golayaasha xeer dajintu madaxweynuhuna saxeexo isla markaana ku soo saaro Faafinta Rasmiga ah.	2) This Law came into force when the Parliament approves and the President Signs and publishes in the Official Gazette.

C/risaaq Siciid Ayaanle
Xoghayaha Guud ee Golaha Wakiilada

Md. Baashe Maxamed Faarax
Guddoomiyaha Golaha Wakiilada